



Codice dell'alunno:

Državni izpitni center



N 0 8 1 2 4 1 2 1 1

SESSIONE ORDINARIA



**Martedì, 13 maggio 2008 / 60 minuti**

*All'alunno è consentito l'uso della penna stilografica o della penna a sfera di colore blu o nero.  
All'alunno viene consegnata una scheda di valutazione.*

**VERIFICA DELLE COMPETENZE  
alla fine del secondo triennio**

INDICAZIONI PER L'ALUNNO

Leggi attentamente queste istruzioni.

Incolla o scrivi il tuo numero di codice nello spazio apposito su questa pagina in alto e sulla scheda di valutazione.

Leggi attentamente le istruzioni di ciascuno degli esercizi della prova.

Dapprima ascolterai una registrazione e risolverai il primo esercizio.

Poi potrai risolvere gli altri esercizi contenuti nella prova.

Scrivi in modo leggibile.

Se sbagli, traccia una riga sulla risposta sbagliata e riscrivi la risposta.

Se hai risolto tutti gli esercizi e hai ancora tempo a disposizione, usalo per ricontrollare le tue risposte.

Buon lavoro.

*La prova ha 16 pagine, di cui 5 pagine bianche.*

PAGINA BIANCA

## PARTE I: PROVA D'ASCOLTO

### ESERCIZIO A

Ascolterete un dialogo tra Anna e Bob. Completate le frasi facendo un cerchietto intorno alla lettera corrispondente alla soluzione. Seguite l'esempio 0.

Ascolterete il testo per due volte. Ora avete un po' di tempo per dare un'occhiata all'esercizio.

E ora ascoltate il dialogo e risolvete l'esercizio.

### HEALTHY LIVING

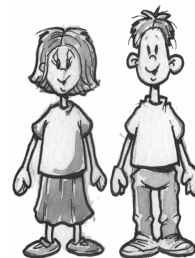
0 Anna and Bob are ...



A



B



C

1 Bob is reading ...



A

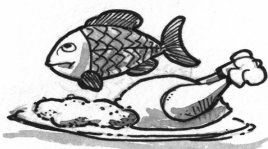


B



C

2 Anna's favourite food is ...



A



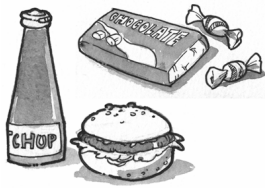
B



C

GIRA IL FOGLIO.

3 Bob likes ...



A



B

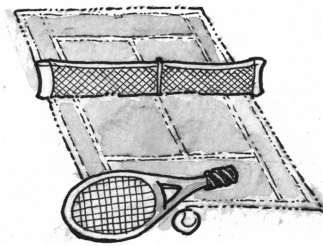


C

4 Bob's favourite sport is ...



A



B



C

5 Anna likes ...



A

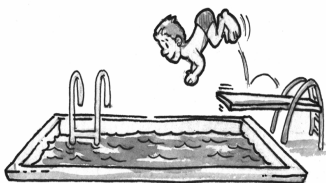


B

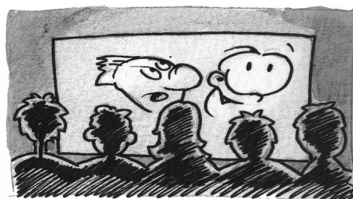


C

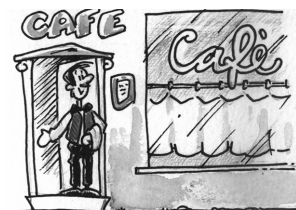
6 Anna and Bob are going ...



A



B



C

**ESERCIZIO B**

Ascolterete una conversazione con Laura, una ragazza che per un giorno è diventata una modella. Completate la tabella indicando se le seguenti affermazioni riguardanti Laura sono vere o false. Seguite l'esempio 0.

Ascolterete il testo per due volte. Ora avete un po' di tempo per dare un'occhiata all'esercizio.

E ora ascoltate il dialogo e risolvete l'esercizio.

**AN AMAZING GIRL**

		VERO	FALSO
0	Laura is eleven years old.	✓	
1	Laura's birthday is in August.		
2	Laura's favourite colour is pink.		
3	Laura collects old locomotives.		
4	Laura likes taking rides in the Viking Centre car.		
5	Laura's brother plays football.		
6	Laura wants to be a doctor.		



**PARTE II: LESSICO**

**ESERCIZIO A**

Cerca i nomi degli oggetti indicati nel disegno dai numeri, e scrivi le lettere a essi corrispondenti nella tabella. Attenzione: ci sono tre nomi di troppo. Segui l'esempio 0.

**WIZARD, THE COOK**

A bat

B bubble

C carrot

D cobweb

E finger

F ghost

G glasses

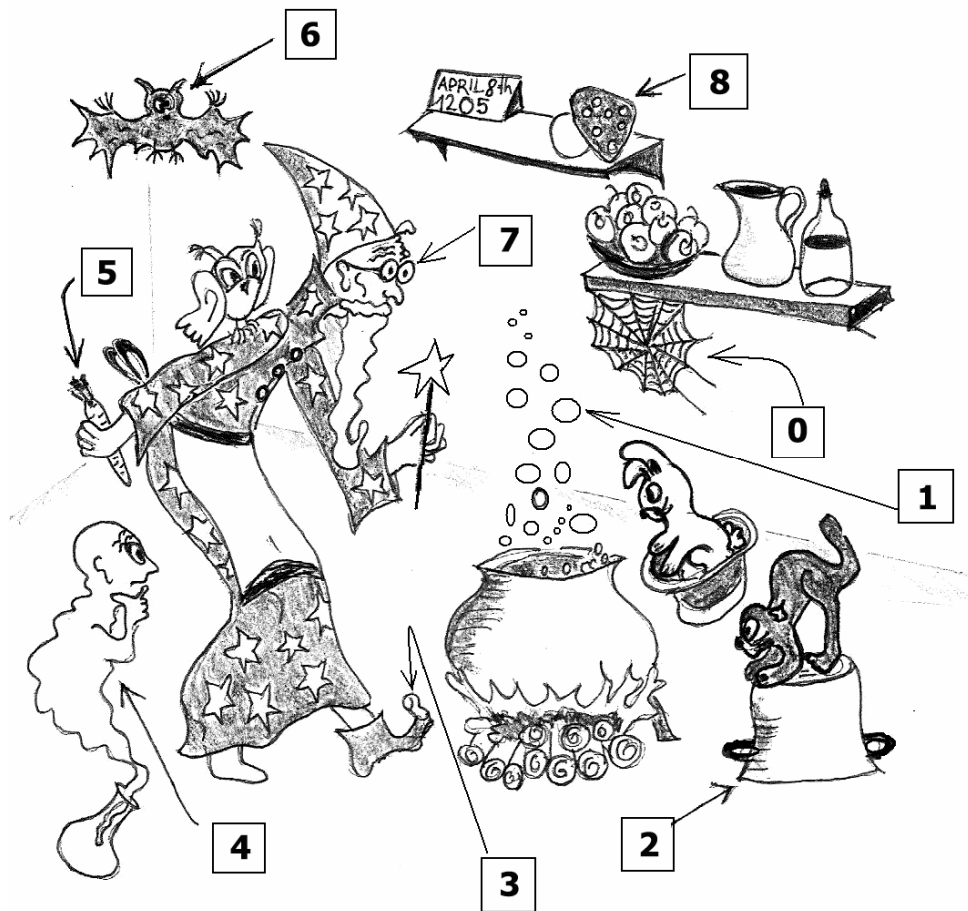
H mushroom

I plate

J pot

K pumpkin

L toe

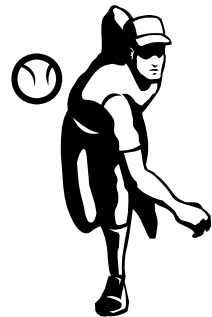
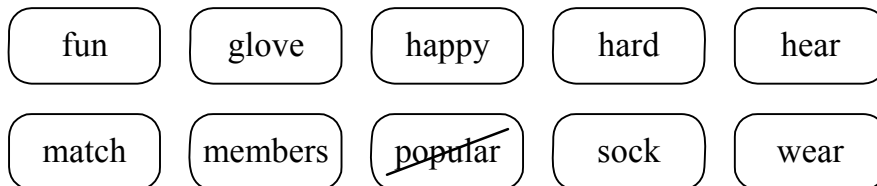


0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
D								

	8
--	---

**ESERCIZIO B**

Leggi il testo e inserisci nei suoi spazi vuoti le parole che trovi nei quadrati qui sotto. Attenzione: ci sono tre parole di troppo. In ciascuno spazio scrivi soltanto UNA parola. Segui l'esempio 0. COPIA LE PAROLE CORRETTAMENTE.

**BASEBALL**

Baseball is one of the most (0) popular games in the world. It's perhaps the most popular sport in the USA, after basketball.

People in the USA played the first real modern baseball (1) \_\_\_\_\_ on 19th June 1846. Baseball started a fashion in America. Today baseball players (2) \_\_\_\_\_ special clothes, caps and boots in bright colours.

There are nine (3) \_\_\_\_\_ in a team. Each team has a pitcher. This is a person who throws the ball. And each team has a catcher. This is a player who puts a big (4) \_\_\_\_\_ on his hand and catches the ball. Each player hits the ball with the bat and then runs around the bases. This person is called the batter. All the batters in the first team must hit the ball as (5) \_\_\_\_\_ as possible. Then the second team does the same. If someone catches the ball, that batter is out. The winning team is the team with the most runs.

Baseball is easy, it's (6) \_\_\_\_\_ and anyone can play it. Why don't you start a baseball team in your school?

(Crown, 1993)

**PARTE III: COMPRENSIONE DI TESTI SCRITTI****ESERCIZIO A**

**Leggi le domande e cerca le risposte nei testi che trovi accanto alle illustrazioni. Rispondi con frasi lunghe al massimo quattro parole. Segui l'esempio 0.**

- 0** Where do beavers live today? \_\_\_\_\_ *In Canada.*
- 1** What is beaver's fur like? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2** What do beavers use teeth for? \_\_\_\_\_
- 3** Where do beavers put tree trunks? \_\_\_\_\_
- 4** When do beavers repair dams? \_\_\_\_\_
- 5** How much food does a beaver eat a day? \_\_\_\_\_
- 6** For how long are beaver mothers and fathers together? \_\_\_\_\_

	6
--	---



## BEAVERS

Today, beavers do not live in Europe any more. The last European beaver died 150 years ago. Mostly, they live in Canada.

A beaver is covered with warm, waterproof fur. That is why they do not get cold in the water. A beaver's back feet are wide and powerful. Its tail is flat and it has got no hairs. They use it to swim fast. The most remarkable thing about a beaver is its teeth. They are large and very strong. A beaver needs them to cut trees.



Beavers cut tree trunks and put them across rivers. We call these objects dams. Rivers damage dams, so beavers often have to repair them. Usually, they work on dams at night. They check and fix the damaged parts.

Beavers are plant eaters. Every day they eat 1.5 kg of vegetation. They usually eat the bark of trees. Their favourite foods are leaves, fruit and nuts.



Beavers find their partner when they are about three years old. They stay together forever. Under trees beavers make nests for their babies. Beaver babies weigh about 500 grams. The mother beaver feeds them for six weeks. The babies live with their parents for two years.

(Discovery box, 2005)

## ESERCIZIO B

Leggi il brano seguente e indica con il segno (√) se le affermazioni contenute nella tabella sono vere, false o non presenti nel testo. Segui l'esempio 0.

### LI SIJA'S LIFE

China is about 37 times the size of the United Kingdom. More than a billion people live there. The capital of China is Beijing.



Li Sija is a ten-year-old girl from the capital of China. She's an only child, like most Chinese children her age. She's a pupil at a boarding school in Beijing.

A boarding school is a special school where children not only learn, but also stay in the school building during the week. So Li Sija and her school friends only see their parents when they go home at weekends.

At school pupils have to get up at 6.30 in the morning. Li Sija shares her room with five other girls. Every morning the pupils do an hour of gymnastics before breakfast. After breakfast they wash themselves and get ready for lessons. They put on their school uniforms and go to their classrooms.



Lessons start at 8 am and finish at 4 pm. Li Sija takes extra calligraphy classes at school. Calligraphy is the art of handwriting. It is Li Sija's favourite hobby. She is very good at calligraphy and she has already won several prizes. Li Sija is very proud of them.

Every Friday Li Sija waits for her mother to come and drive her home. When she arrives home she takes off her school uniform and puts on her jeans and a T-shirt. She doesn't like her school uniform because it's grey and she doesn't like this colour very much.

Li Sija always looks forward to being with her parents and her grandmother at weekends. When Li Sija and her mother get home on Friday evening, they sit down and eat dinner first. Her grandmother makes it. She usually prepares noodles with meat sauce and cold cucumber salad. Li Sija says that her grandmother's cooking is much better than the meals at the boarding school.

(Discovery box, 2005)

		VERO	FALSO	NON PRESENTE
0	Li Sija has got a brother and a sister.		√	
1	Every morning Li Sija's mother drives Li Sija to school.			
2	Pupils like doing gymnastics at school.			
3	Pupils at Li Sija's school wear what they want.			
4	Li Sija likes calligraphy very much.			
5	Li Sija spends Saturdays and Sundays with her family.			
6	Li Sija's grandmother cooks dinner on Fridays.			

## PARTE IV: COMUNICAZIONE SCRITTA

Da qualche tempo corrispondi con un amico di penna che vive in un paese dell'Africa e che ti ha chiesto di descrivergli l'inverno, visto che lui non sa com'è. Scrivigli una lettera nella quale gli spieghi:

- che tempo fa di solito da noi durante l'inverno,
- come ti vesti quando devi uscire,
- quali attività puoi fare in questa stagione.

Scrivi il testo nello spazio che trovi qui sotto.



*Dear Bertani,*

*Thanks for your letter. Here's my answer.*

---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---



---

*Love, Saša*

Contenuto:		3
Lessico e ortografia:		2
Grammatica:		2

**PUNTEGGIO COMPLESSIVO DELLA PROVA:**

	<b>45</b>
--	-----------

PAGINA BIANCA

PAGINA BIANCA

PAGINA BIANCA

PAGINA BIANCA