

PRESENT SIMPLE TENSE

The sun gives us light.

The sun **does not** give us light.

Does It give us light?

Raba:

▪ Za splošno znane resnice.

I watch TV sometimes.

I **do** not watch TV somtimes.

Do I watch TV sometimes?

▪ Za dejanja, ki se ponavljajo.

He, She, It	I, We, You, They
Does / glagol-s	Do + glagol

Časovni prislovi:

every day	in the morning
usualy	at night
sometimes	on Sundays
always	once a week
seldom	twice a year
never	

3. os. ednine → (e)s

I work → he works

I play → it plays

I study → she **studies**

I go → he **goes**

PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

He **is working** now.

He **is not working** now.

Is he **working** now?

Raba:

- Za dejanja, ki potekajo v trenutku, ko o njih govorimo.

I **am leaving** tomorrow.

I **am not leaving** tomorrow.

Am I **leaving** tomorrow?

- Za načrtovana dejanja v bližnji prihodnosti.

I	He, She, It	You, They, We
Am + glagol-ing	Is + glagol-ing	Are + glagol-ing

Časovni prislovi:

now	at the moment at present today this week (month ...)
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Look! He **swimming**.

Listen! They **singing**.

am/is/are + glagol+-ing

I am watching (watch).

He is running (run).

They are smiling (smile).

You are lying (lie).

PAST SIMPLE TENSE

Car stopped two hours ago.

Cat **did not** stop two hours ago.

Did the car stop two hours ago?

He **ate** snails yesterday.

He **did not** eat snails yesterday.

Did he eat snails yesterday?

▪ Za zaključena pretekla dejanja in stanja.

▪ Za pretekla dejanja, ki so se zgodila eno za drugim.

She took the letter, opened it and started to read it.

I, He, She, It, They, We, You

Did / glagol- ed (v pretekliku)

Časovni prislovi:

yesterday	in 1993
last week (month, year,	at ten o'clock last night
two years (weeks, hours, minutes) ago	on Monday ...

- **pravilni gl.** → -ed

clean → **cleaned**

move → **moved**

stop → **stopped**

play → **played**

cry → **cried**

- **nepravilni gl.** ne dobijo – ed, imajo drugačne oblike, ki se jih moramo naučiti.

PAST CONTINUOUS TENSE

I **was playing** the piano at seven o'clock.

I **was not playing** the piano at seven o'clock.

Was I **playing** the piano at seven o'clock?

Raba:

▪ Za nezaključena pretekla dejanja in stanja, ki so se odvijala in trajala v določenem trenutku v preteklosti.

They **were watching** the movie.

They **were not watching** the movie.

Were they **watching** the movie.

▪ Za dlje časa trajajoča dejanja v preteklosti, ki so bila prekinjena s krajšimi, končanimi dejanji, ki jih izrazimo s past simple.

While she was having breakfast, the telephone rang.

I, He, She, It	You, They, We
Was + glagol-ing	were + glagol-ing

Časovni prislovi:

while	as
when	

I was **watching** (watch).

He was **running** (run).

They were **smiling** (smile).

You were **lying** (lie).

WILL FUTURE TENSE

I will help you.
I will not help you.
Will I help you?

Raba:

▪ Za odločitve o prihodnosti, narejene v trenutku, ko o tem govorimo.

In the future there will be more and more cars.

▪ **Za napovedi v prihodnosti.**

She'll be fifteen next year.

▪ **Za izražanje dejstev.**

I/he/she/it/you/we/they **will...**

Časovni prislovi:

tomorrow	next week (month ...)
tonight	in a week (month, year ...)
the day after tomorrow	in <u>two</u> weeks (years...)
soon	

GOING TO FUTURE TENSE

You **are going to** travel to Paris.

You **are not going to** travel to Paris.

Are You **going to** travel to Paris?

It **is going** to rain.

It **is not going** to rain.

Is it **going to** rain

Raba:

- Za načrtovana dejanja v prihodnosti.

- Kadar okoliščine kažejo, da se bo nekaj zagotovo zgodilo.

I	He, She, It	We, You, They
Am going to + glagol	Is going to + glagol	Are going to + glagol

Časovni prislovi:

tonight	next week (month ...)
this afternoon (week, morning...)	soon
tomorrow	

PRESENT PERFECT TENSE

I **have** already **done** my homework.

I **have not done** my homework yet.

Have I **done** my homework yet?

He **has** never **slepped** in my room.

He **has not** **slepped** in my room.

Has **he** ever **slepped** in my room?

Raba:

Za pretekla dejanja, ki imajo posledice v sedanjosti. Ne zanima nas, kdaj so se zgodila. Pomembno je, da imajo nek rezultat v sedanjosti.

I, We, You, They	He, She, It
Have + glagol v nedoločniku (-ed)	Has + glagol v nedoločniku (-ed)

Časovni prislovi:

Just	so far
already	up to now
yet	since
ever	for
never	recently