

Kriterij: 100 - 90% = 5; 89 - 78% = 4; 77 - 65% = 3; 64 - 50% = 2

3. KONTROLNA NALOGA  
2010/2011

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Class: 22A  
Points: 83 / 52  
Mark: 7d(2)

A. Write the opposites (if possible, use a prefix).

6p / 5

1. reliable	UNRELIABLE ✓	4. lazy	HARD-WORKING ✓
2. reserved	OUTGOING ✓	5. mean	NICE ✓
3. patient	IMPATIENT ✓	6. tidy	UNTIDY ✓

B. Put the verbs in brackets into the correct tense: Present Perfect Simple or Continuous. If both are possible, use the Continuous.

10p / 10

1. Someone <sup>BEEN EATING</sup> ~~HAS EATEN~~ (eat) my chocolate. There's only half of it left.
2. I've got a terrible headache. The neighbours <sup>HAVE BEEN PLAYING</sup> (play) loud music all day long.
3. - What <sup>HAVE YOU BEEN DOING</sup> (you/do)? Your clothes are covered in flour!  
- I <sup>HAVE BEEN MAKING</sup> (make) a cake.
4. I'm really sorry. I <sup>HAVE BROKEN</sup> (break) your glass.
5. We ~~WERE DRIVING~~ <sup>HAVE BEEN DRIVING</sup> (drive) for hours, and we still <sup>HAVEN'T FOUND</sup> (not find) the right road.
6. She <sup>HAS HAD</sup> (have) 12 driving lessons up to now.
7. He <sup>HAS LIKED</sup> (like) classical music since he was a child.
8. The children <sup>HAVE BEEN PLAYING</sup> (play) computer games all morning and they are driving me mad.

C. Form new sentences by using the word given, so that the meaning remains the same.

Example: I'm sure she's had a holiday. (MUST)  
She must have had a holiday.

8p / 4

1. I'm sure you didn't work hard for your exams. (CAN'T)  
You can't have been working hard for your exams.
2. I think they've gone to Paris. (COULD)  
They could have gone to Paris.
3. Perhaps I left my umbrella on the train. (MIGHT)  
I might have left my umbrella on the train.
4. I'm sure he hasn't bought another new car. (CAN'T)  
He can't have bought another new car.
5. She has probably been on a diet. (MUST)  
She must have been on a diet.
6. It's possible that they got married in secret. (COULD)  
They could have got married in secret.
7. I'm sure I haven't won the lottery. (CAN'T)  
I can't have won the lottery.
8. Perhaps he called while we were out. (MAY)  
He may have called me while we were out.

HAVE

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D. Put the verbs in CAPITAL letters into the past tense.

10p/

7

1. She **CAN SING** truly sweetly.  
She COULD SIGN sweetly at the age of five.
2. I think you **SHOULD LISTEN** to your parents.  
I think you SHOULD HAVE LISTENED to your parents before you did that.
3. I **MUST WASH** my hair. It's really dirty.  
I ~~MUST HAVE WASHED~~ HAD TO WASH my hair yesterday.
4. I **AM NOT ABLE TO DO** this myself.  
I ~~HAVEN'T BEEN ABLE TO DO~~ WASN'T ABLE TO DO this myself when I was little.
5. It **MIGHT HAPPEN** tomorrow.  
It MIGHT HAVE HAPPENED yesterday.
6. They are not here. They **MAY BE** outside.  
I don't know where they were yesterday. They MAY HAVE BEEN outside.
7. My brother **MUST BE** really in love with her.  
My brother MUST HAVE BEEN really in love with her during last summer.
8. **DO** I really **HAVE TO HELP** you?  
DID you really HAVE TO HELP your parents yesterday?
9. He **COULD BE** the one for me.  
He COULD HAVE BEEN the one when I met him.
10. She **CAN'T BE** that old - she looks only twenty!  
She ~~COULDN'T HAVE BEEN~~ CAN'T so old when I saw her.

E. Write a synonym or explain in English (in short!).

14t/

6

1. to create = to make
2. to be linked = connected
3. a picture cut into pieces that you have to put together again = puzzle
4. a sudden large amount of money that you get = WINDFALL
5. to smash a picture = to break
6. purpose = AIM, INTENTION
7. solicitor = LAWYER
8. penniless = poor, no money, poor
9. miserable = sad
10. to have no regrets = NOT TO FEEL SORRY
11. exhausted = tired
12. filthy = VERY DIRTY
13. people imprisoned because of their beliefs = CONSCIENCE
14. people who have to leave their homes because of war = REFUGEES

F. Fill in the gaps with ONE word only.

8t/

8

'Crisis Now!' is a charity organization which HELPS 1\_ people in Africa. One of the main problems is that in some PARTS 2\_ of Africa it hasn't RAINED 3\_ for many years so there is drought and no FOOD 4\_ in the fields. People die of hunger. PEOPLE 5\_ are coming from the countryside into the towns because they need food. Therefore, this charity helps them by sending food, medical SUPPLIES 6\_, CLEAN WATER 7\_, CLOTHES 8\_ and many other things.

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G. Form new words from the ones in capital letters (see an example). 10t / 3

Amnesty international (NATION) was formed in 1961 by British LAWYER (LAW) Peter Benenson. In an article in The Observer newspaper, entitled 'The Forgotten Prisoners', he invited people to begin working peacefully for the release of thousands of men, women and children who are PRISONERS (PRISON) throughout the world for their POLITICS (POLITICS) or RELIGION (RELIGION) beliefs. It was the start of an extraordinary worldwide movement.

Today, Amnesty International has over a million members. The organization wants to:

- free all prisoners of CONSCIOUS (CONSCIOUS)
- + (SURE) fair and quick trials for political prisoners
- abolish the death penalty and other cruel TREATS (TREAT) of prisoners

How SUCCESSFUL (SUCCESS) are Amnesty campaigns? In more than a third of the cases Amnesty International achieves some IMPROVES (IMPROVE).

Amnesty's symbol, the candle in barbed wire was inspired by the ancient proverb: "Better to light a candle than to curse the DARKNESS (DARK)".

H. Put the verbs in brackets in the correct tense. BE CAREFUL, there are also examples of passive, if-clauses, infinitive.

17p / 3

Sarah Jenkins is an English teacher. She WORKS (work) in a language school in London. She HAS BEEN TEACHING (teach) English since she LEAVED (leave) university five years ago. I asked her first if enjoyed teaching English. LEFT

'Yes, I do,' she replied. 'It's hard work but it's very rewarding.'

'HAVE you ever BEEN WORKING (work) abroad?'

'Yes,' replied Sarah. 'I SPENT (spend) two years in Madrid. But the school soon closed and I LOST (lose) the job. Luckily, some of my students asked me if I would continue to teach them privately, so I stayed in Madrid. BEEN

'And how long HAVE YOU BEEN TEACHING (teach) in London?'

'Since I came back from Madrid.'

I then asked Sarah what the most memorable moment of her career was.

'Well, a funny thing HAPPENED (happen) while I WAS WORKING (work) at the school in Madrid. I had a student called Gloria. On some days she was the best student in the class. But on other days she performed really badly. I tried really hard TO HELP (help) her but things got only worse. Then, one day I met Gloria in the street and asked her about her boyfriend. (The day before she

HAD TOLD (tell) me a sad story about him.) She looked surprised and told me that her name was Victoria, not Gloria. She continued: 'My twin sister and I ALTERNATED (alternate) in your classes since September. Two for the price of one!' HAVE BEEN ALTERNATING

Finally I asked Sarah about her plans for the future.

'Well, I'm very interested in teaching young children, so next September I WILL DO (do) a special training course.'

'And are you going to stay in Britain, or would you like to work abroad again?'

'I AM PROMOTING (promote) recently. I'm now Director of Studies. So I think I WILL STAY (stay) here for a few more years. Of course, if someone OFFERS (offer) me a well-paid job in Greece or Italy, I WOULD TAKE (take) it, but that is almost impossible!'

WILL

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